## ST 705 MIDTERM

## 7 March 2024

## NAME:

## STUDENT ID:

- You have **75 minutes** to complete this exam.
- This is a closed book, closed notes exam.
  - 1. (3 points) Let  $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$  and  $C \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times q}$ . Show that if  $\operatorname{rank}(BC) = \operatorname{rank}(B)$ , then  $\operatorname{col}(BC) = \operatorname{col}(B)$ , where  $\operatorname{col}(\cdot)$  denotes the column space.
  - 2. (3 points) Show that the  $R^2$  value for a simple linear regression can never achieve 1 if the observed data consists of repeated (different) observations of the response, y, at the same value of the predictor, x.
  - 3. Prove the following (related) statements.
    - (a) (3 points) For any  $a \in \mathbb{R}^p$ ,

$$||a||_2 = \sup_{||b||_2 = 1} a'b.$$

(b) (3 points) For any  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$ ,

$$\sigma_{\min}(A) = \inf_{\|x\|_2 = 1} \sup_{\|y\|_2 = 1} y' A x,$$

where  $\sigma_{\min}(A)$  denotes the smallest singular value of A.

4. (3 points) Suppose that there exists a solution to the system of equations Ax = c. Then the general form of a solution is

$$x_z = Gc + (I - GA)z_z$$

where z is an arbitrary vector of appropriate dimension and  $G := (A'A)^g A'$  (do NOT need to show). Find the z that minimizes the Euclidean norm of  $x_z$ .

5. (3 points) Prove that for any  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$ ,

$$\{G : AGA = A\} = \{G + uv' : AGA = A, u \in \text{null}(A), \text{ and } v \in \text{null}(A')\}.$$